

1. Incorporation and activities

Oman Telecommunications Company SAOG (the “Parent Company” or the “Company”) is an Omani joint stock company registered under the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman. The Company’s principal place of business is located at Madinat al Irfan, Muscat, Sultanate of Oman. The Company’s shares are listed on Muscat Stock Exchange.

The principal activities of the Company are establishment, operation, maintenance and development of telecommunication services in the Sultanate of Oman. The Company and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) along with its associates provides telecommunications services in Sultanate of Oman and 8 other countries.

The Company is a subsidiary of United International Telecommunications Investment and Projects LLC and Oman investment authority (OIA) is ultimate controlling entity.

2. Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial information for nine months ended 30 September 2025 have been prepared in with IAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting and should be read in conjunction with the Group’s last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2025 (“last annual financial statements”). They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group’s financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

The Group has prepared the condensed consolidated interim financial information on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The Directors consider that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over this assumption. They have formed a judgement that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2025. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments apply for the first time in 2025, but do not have a significant impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group as follows;

Lack of exchangeability - Amendments to IAS 21

The amendments to IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity’s financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information.

These amendments had no significant impact on the Group’s condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Significant judgments and estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Report on Hyperinflationary economies*Republic of South Sudan ("South Sudan")*

The economy of Republic of South Sudan became hyperinflationary in 2016. Accordingly, the results, cash flows and financial position of the Group's subsidiary in South Sudan have been expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the reporting date in accordance with IAS 29: Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies. The methods used to measure the fair value and adjustments made to the accounts of Group's entities that operate in the hyperinflationary economies are discussed further in the accounting policies and in the respective notes.

Republic of Sudan ("Sudan")

In 2015, the Group noted that the economy of the Republic of Sudan ("Sudan"), where the Group has subsidiaries, may be hyperinflationary from the beginning of 2015. This was based on the general price index showing the cumulative three-year rate of inflation exceeding 100% at that time. However, International Accounting Standard, IAS 29: Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies, does not establish an absolute rate at which hyperinflation is deemed to arise and states that it is a matter of judgment when restatement of financial statements in accordance with this Standard becomes necessary. In addition, the Group noted that in the 2014 International Monetary Fund (IMF) Sudan country report, the cumulative projected three-year inflation rate outlook for Sudan in 2016 to be around 57% and thus, applying IAS 29 in 2015, could have entailed going in and out of hyperinflation within a short period which was confirmed when Sudan went out of hyperinflation in 2016. Sudan has been again declared as hyperinflationary in 2018. Based on the above matters, Group believes that there is no definitive basis to apply IAS 29 at this stage. However, Group will review it on an ongoing basis, accordingly it has not quantified the impact of applying IAS 29 as of 30 September 2025, 31 December 2024 or 30 September 2024.

Political uncertainty in Sudan

A violent power struggle erupted on 15 April 2023, in Khartoum, the capital of Sudan, involving the two primary factions of the ruling military regime. This conflict has directly affected the Group's operations and its telecommunication assets, as certain areas in Sudan continue to experience high levels of hostility or temporary control by opposing forces. Given the Group's extensive presence and service provision across Sudan, these events have had an adverse impact on the country's economy and consequently, on the Group's business and operational outcomes.

As of the issuance date of this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the Group has not incurred any significant damage to crucial assets that would hinder its ability to sustain operations.

Since 15 April 2023, continuous monitoring of network and base station equipment has been in place, particularly in areas experiencing significant downtime. Various actions, such as reallocation of network traffic, capacity expansion, and other measures aimed at restoring network coverage and ensuring satisfactory network performance, are being implemented. Zain Sudan is actively involved in performing essential network maintenance, repairs, and optimizations utilizing both its current equipment and external resources.

The Group has taken appropriate actions to ensure the continuity of communication services and operations. The management has prepared and reviewed the updated financial forecasts for the year, taking into consideration the most likely and possible downside scenarios for the ongoing business impacts of the war. These forecasts were based on the following key assumptions:

- there will be no substantial increase in the intensity of hostilities, thereby not adversely impacting the number of active sites, significantly;
- Zain Sudan will have the capability to conduct maintenance and repair tasks in the affected territories of Sudan, ensuring a satisfactory level of network performance in regions where it is feasible while considering the physical security of technical specialists;
- there will be no significant fluctuations in the fuel rate, foreign exchange rates and other major costs during the conflict;
- Zain Sudan will be able to ensure the uninterrupted functioning of its crucial IT infrastructure, aligning with management's implemented measures and incident response and disaster recovery plans;
- the generated revenue from service and product sales will be sufficient for Zain Sudan to meet both operating expenses and essential capital investments.

Based on these forecasts, considering possible adverse scenarios, management reasonably expects that the Group possesses adequate resources to effectively handle its operations in Sudan. Management will maintain ongoing monitoring of the potential repercussions and will proactively implement all available measures to minimize any adverse consequences.

Zain Sudan currently holds agreements with suppliers of network equipment, and transportation routes for its delivery are accessible in all regions of Sudan, except for North and South Darfur, South Kordofan and some parts of North Kordofan, which are facing the most significant impact from the ongoing hostilities.

If a worst-case scenario unfolds with widespread hostilities across Sudan, it can be anticipated that the Zain Sudan's operations may encounter disruptions for an indeterminate duration. This represents an uncertainty that is beyond the control of Zain Sudan. After evaluating the revised forecasts, management of Zain Sudan has examined the Zain Sudan's capability to operate as a going concern at the time of releasing this condensed consolidated interim financial information. As a result, it has determined that there are no significant uncertainties that could impede the Zain Sudan's infrastructure and operations, thereby casting significant doubt on its ability to continue as a going concern. Consequently, the Zain Sudan is expected to be able to realize its assets and fulfill its obligations in the ordinary course of business.

Acquisition of Subsidiary

Zain Cash Iraq

During the period ended 30 September 2025, the Group obtained 51% equity interest of Iraq Wallet for Financial Payment Via Mobile Phone and Internet Services Company - Limited Liability Company ("Zain Cash Iraq") for a purchase consideration of US\$ 25.25 million (OMR 9.659 million). The net cash inflow on acquisition amounts to US\$ 6.714 million (OMR 2.581 million) as the payment was made in previous years. The recognized amount of net assets of Zain Cash Iraq as at the date of acquisition was US\$ 10.783 million (OMR 4.144 million), resulting in a provisional goodwill of US\$ 19.751 million (OMR 7.592 million). The provisional values assigned to the identifiable assets and liabilities as at the date of acquisition, are subject to review within one year of acquisition on finalization of the Purchase Price Allocation (PPA). Zain Cash Iraq is a limited liability company incorporated in Iraq engaged in providing provide its customers with electronic wallets.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31 December
	September	2024
	2025	
	RO '000	RO '000
Cash on hand and at banks	263,510	278,286
Short-term deposits with banks	109,799	51,637
Government certificates of deposits held by subsidiaries	3	2
	373,312	329,925
Expected credit loss	(13,762)	(30,561)
Cash and bank balances as per condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position	359,550	299,364
Bank overdraft	(8,324)	-
Cash at bank under line and deposits with original maturity over 3 months	(15,649)	(2,852)
Government certificates of deposits with maturities exceeding three months held by subsidiaries	(3)	(2)
Cash and cash equivalent in the condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows	335,574	296,510

4. Bank balances held in customers' accounts

Bank balances held in customers' Account as part of electronic payment services provided by the Group are presented separately from cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position of the Group. The regulations in respective locations require that these balances with banks are held in a manner to ensure that these balances are not co-mingled with the Group's cash and cash equivalents.

5. Assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets and liabilities of disposal group classified as held for sale includes:

Kuwait

Following the acquisition of IHS the Group ceased to classify the assets and liabilities related to the remaining telecom towers as held for sale in Kuwait, as the criteria for such classification are no longer met.

Iraq

The Group has classified certain network equipment amounting to US\$ 72.57 million (OMR 27.736 million) as held for sale during the period ending 30 September 2025, on the basis that management is committed to a plan to sell this network equipment, and the transaction is expected to be completed within one year. As of 30 September 2025, network equipment worth US\$ 19.85 million (OMR 7.586 million) was transferred to the vendor.

Discontinued operations – IHS

In December 2024, the Group acquired residual 70% equity interest of IHS, to complement its already existing 30% stake and thereby owning a 100% stake in IHS, for a purchase consideration of US\$ 139.800 million (RO 53.399 million). IHS is engaged in the business of

tower infrastructure services in Kuwait.

	Unaudited	Audited
	30 September 2025	31 December 2024
	RO '000	RO '000
Fair value less cost to sell	78,764	78,075
Total liabilities	42,274	41,048
Total assets	121,038	119,123

The Group intends to dispose of IHS within one year and is actively in discussion with potential buyers, which is expected to conclude within one year, hence classified it as discontinuing operations.

6. Investments in associates and joint venture

6.1 Investments in associates

	Unaudited	Audited
	30 September 2025	31 December 2024
	RO'000	RO'000
Oman Fiber Optic Co SAOC	8,972	9,988
Majan Telecommunications LLC	5,244	5,266
Equinix Muscat LLC	4,135	4,152
Pearl REIF Fund	15,789	15,766
Etlag services LLC	3,608	1,262
TASC Towers Holding Limited (refer note (below))	101,059	98,136
Playhera	486	-
Others	701	1,202
	139,994	135,772

The carrying value of the associates and their results for the period are determined by Group management using the equity method based on management information provided by the associates.

TASC Towers Holding Limited

The Group determines that it does not have control over TASC on the basis that the Group does not have the ability for a majority representation in the Board under the terms agreed in the agreement between TASC shareholders.

In December 2023, the Group signed definitive agreements with Ooredoo Group Q.P.S.C ("Ooredoo") for a merger transaction to combine both company's passive infrastructures (towers) via a cash and share deal. The Group and Ooredoo will contribute assets and cash to the newly formed tower company to retain a 49.3% stake each in the newly formed tower company. The transaction (initial market closings) is in progress and is expected to be completed during 2025.

6.2 Investments in joint venture

This represents Group's RO 138.838 million (31 December 2024 - RO 112.739 million) interest in the joint venture, Zain Al Ajial S.A., that owns 31% of the equity shares and voting rights of Wana Corporate (a Moroccan joint stock company that is specialized in the telecom sector in that country). The carrying value of this joint venture and its results for the year are determined by Group management using equity method based on management information provided by Wana Corporate. Share of results for the period includes one-time gain of US\$ 50 million (RO 19.232 million) on settlement of legal dispute in Morocco.

7. Property and equipment

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31
	September	December
	2025	2024
	RO '000	RO '000
Net fixed assets	1,555,469	1,523,417
Capital work in progress	376,806	394,713
	1,932,275	1,918,130

During the nine-months period ended 30 September 2025, the Group acquired property and equipment amounting to RO 364.6 million (30 September 2024: RO 160.0 million). Depreciation charged for the period amounted to RO 239.5 million (30 September 2024: RO 242.9 million).

8. Intangible assets and goodwill

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31
	September	December
	2025	2024
	RO '000	RO '000
Intangible assets	2,033,196	2,100,376
Goodwill	1,031,372	1,018,454
Capital work in progress	19,092	15,579
	3,083,660	3,134,409

During the nine-months period ending 30 September 2025, the Group acquired intangible assets amounting to RO 90.1 million (30 September 2024: RO 34.4 million). Amortization charged for the period amounted to RO 155.9 million (30 September 2024: RO 139.3 million).-

During 2024, the Group, through Zain Tech, acquired 100% equity interest of Specialized Technical Services Company BVI ("STS"). During the period, the Group finalized the Purchase Price Allocation ("PPA") exercise of STS. The cumulative impact of these PPA related adjustments was passed in Q1 2025 as the impact was not material for the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

9. Borrowings

	Unaudited 30 September 2025 RO '000	Audited 31 December 2024 RO '000
<i>Parent company</i>		
Short term loans	52,300	37,500
Long term loans	3,995	5,198
	56,295	42,698
<i>Oztel</i>		
Bond	270,692	265,717
<i>OTEL Sukuk Ltd</i>		
Sukuk	192,550	192,550
<i>Oman data Park</i>		
Long term loan	13,913	9,823
<i>Mobile Telecommunications Company-Kuwait</i>		
Short term loans	65,949	49,890
Long term loans	919,781	824,572
	985,730	874,462
<i>Mobile Telecommunications Company Saudi Arabia ("SMTC")</i>		
Short term loans	17,379	51,186
Long term loans	818,758	590,138
Payable to Ministry of Finance-KSA (Murabaha facility)	-	199,158
	836,137	840,482
<i>Pella Investment Company ("Pella")</i>		
Short term loans	12,376	8,119
Long term loans	101,447	99,776
	113,823	107,895
<i>Atheer Telecom Iraq Limited ("Atheer")</i>		
Bank overdrafts	8,326	-
Long term loans	250,109	230,645
	258,435	230,645
<i>Future Cities SAOC</i>		
Long term loan	12,561	6,865
<i>Others</i>		
Short term loans	1,559	195
Long term loans	1,667	2,462
	3,226	2,657
	2,743,362	2,573,794

Reconciliation of movements of amounts due to banks to cash flows from financing activities:

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31
	September	December
	2025	2024
	RO '000	RO '000
Opening balance	2,573,794	2,367,146
Acquisition of subsidiary	-	2,883
Accretion of interest	14,781	18,567
Proceeds from bank borrowings	1,021,868	964,494
Repayment of bank borrowings	(889,791)	(839,234)
Increase in bank borrowings due to vendor financing arrangement (non-cash item)	19,093	75,015
Payment of interest	(8,786)	(17,681)
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	12,403	2,604
	<u>2,743,362</u>	<u>2,573,794</u>

The current and non-current amounts are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31
	September	December
	2025	2024
	RO '000	RO '000
Current liabilities	340,669	894,825
Non-current liabilities	2,402,663	1,678,969
	<u>2,743,362</u>	<u>2,573,794</u>

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies equivalent to Omani Riyal:

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31
	September	December
	2025	2024
	RO '000	RO '000
US dollar	953,350	1,032,785
Kuwaiti dinar	846,236	731,822
Saudi Riyals	836,138	744,414
Jordanian Dinar	17,227	10,585
Iraqi dinar	11,637	-
Omani Rial	78,774	54,188
	<u>2,743,362</u>	<u>2,573,794</u>

The average effective interest rate as at 30 September 2025 was between 2.28%- 6.9% (31 December 2024 -0.76% to 7.09%) per annum.

The Group is compliant with the principal covenant ratios, which include:

- consolidated net borrowings to adjusted consolidated Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA);
- adjusted consolidated EBITDA to adjusted consolidated net interest payable;
- consolidated net borrowings to consolidated net worth (equity);

Also, the Group expects to comply with the covenants during 12 months after the reporting date.

Parent Company

Short term loan

During the year the Parent Company:

- drawn down RO 104.3 million (31 December 2024: RO 221 million) and repaid RO 89.5 million (31 December 2024: RO 208.5 million) from a revolving credit facility of RO 235 million.

The facility carries a fixed margin over the one-year cost of fixed deposit of the bank. The loan is unsecured.

Long term loans

Export credit loan with an outstanding balance of USD 10.3 million (RO 3.9 million) (2024-USD 13.5 million (RO 5.2 million) from a consortium of banks to finance the procurement of capital equipment. The loan is unsecured. The facility carries an interest of 2.28% p.a.

Oztel

Bonds

The bond is denominated in US Dollars and is listed on the Irish stock exchange. It's a 10-year bond with face value of USD 688.1 million (RO 264.988 million) (2024: USD 688.1 million (RO 264.988 million)) with coupon rate of 6.63% per annum. The bonds are due for payment in year 2028. The effective interest on the bond is 7.09%. The fair value of the bond as at 30 September 2025 is USD 720.55 million (RO 277.5 million) (31 December 2024: USD 710.1 million (RO 273.46 million))

OTEL Sukuk Limited

OTEL Sukuk limited issued USD 500 million (RO 192.550 million) (31 December 2024: RO 192.550) Sukuk for a period of 7 years with a coupon rate of 5.375% per annum. The bond is due to repayment in the year 2031. The fair value of Sukuk as at 31 December is USD 509.3 million (RO 196.1 million) (31 December 2024 - USD 498.4 million (RO 191.9 million)).

Mobile Telecommunications Company K.S.C.P (MTC)

During the period, the Company has:

- 1) drawn down loans amounting to RO 120.36 from the loan facilities (31 December 2024 - RO 437.69 million)
 - RO 22.63 million of a revolving credit facility amounting to RO 116.9 million.
 - RO 18.86 million of a revolving credit facility amounting to RO 69.14 million.
 - RO 25.14 million of a long-term facility amounting to RO 125.7 million.
 - RO 37.71 million of a long-term facility amounting to RO 527.94 million.
 - RO 16.03 million of revolving credit facility amounting to RO 16.04 million
- 2) repaid loans amounting to RO 16.03 million (31 December 2024 – RO 294.5 million).

The above facilities carry a fixed margin over three-month CME term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (CME term SOFR) or over Central Bank Discount rate.

SMTC

Long-term loans include:

- 1) During the period, SMTC obtained a new Islamic Shariah compliant facility amounting to SAR 1,934 million (RO 197.92 million) repayable in a single bullet payment upon its maturity on 17 February 2030. The facility obtained is on commercial term, where the profit is payable on quarterly basis based on fixed margin and three months SAIBOR. This facility was utilized by SMTC to repay in full the amount payable to Ministry of Finance – KSA.
- 2) In 2024, SMTC availed facilities of SAR 1,125 million (RO 115.01 million) (31 December 2024: SAR 1,125 million equivalent to RO 115.17 million) to fund for the CAPEX payment against several projects and SAR 500 million (RO 51.12 million) (31 December 2024: SAR 500 million equivalent to RO 51.18 million) for receivables discounting.

SMTC have availed SAR 934.200 million (RO 95.50 million) (31 December 2024: SAR 736 million equivalent to RO 60.470 million) of the CAPEX facility as of the reporting period.

The interest amounting to SAR 57.50 million (RO 5.88 million) (31 December 2024: SAR 21.270 million equivalent to RO 2.18 million) has been capitalized by SMTC during year, based on effective interest rate of the loan.

During the nine-month period, SMTC has fully paid the receivables discounting banking facility amounting to SAR 500 million (RO 51.12 million).

- 3) During this period, a subsidiary of SMTC availed working capital Murabaha facility of SAR 200 million (RO 20.45 million) to fund for the short-term expenditure and be repayable within twelve months. The subsidiary of SMTC have availed SAR 170 million (RO 17.38 million) from this facility as at the reporting period.
- 4) During the period, SMTC signed SAR 5,500 million (RO 562.27 million) syndicated Murabaha facility with commercial banks at three months SAIBOR plus margin. The proceeds of the loan have been used to pay existing Murabaha facility as mentioned below and receivables discounting banking facility, both maturing on 30 September 2025, amounting to SAR 4,700.800 million (RO 480.57 million) and SAR 500 million (KD 51.12 million). Unused facility amounting to SAR 300 million (RO 30.67 million) will be withdrawn in line with SMTC's operational and investment needs. The loan is repayable after one year grace period and in accordance with the terms of the agreement.
- 5) During the period, SMTC closed and paid the long-term facility amounting to SAR 4,700.8 million (RO 480.57 million) in full and total unused working capital facility against Murabaha Finance Agreement amounting to SAR 1,000 million (RO 102.23 million) has been cancelled.

Pella

Long-term loans include:

- 1) US\$ 160 million (RO 60.82 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 160 million equivalent to RO 61.4 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 11 October 2030.
- 2) US\$ 100 million (RO 38.01 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 100 million equivalent to RO 38.37 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 30 April 2027.

Atheer

Long-term loans include:

- 1) US\$ 105 million (RO 39.91 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 105 million equivalent to RO 40.29 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 30 June 2026.

OMAN TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANY SAOG**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)**

- 2) US\$ 131 million (RO 49.79 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 71 million equivalent to RO 27.25 million) revolving credit facilities from a commercial bank which is repayable by 17 December 2027. This includes converted term loan amounting to US\$ 50 million (RO 19.00 million).
- 3) US\$ 100 million (RO 38.01 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 100 million equivalent to RO 38.38 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 30 July 2026.
- 4) US\$ 60 million (RO 22.81 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 50 million equivalent to RO 19.18 million) term loan from a commercial bank, which is repayable by 24 April 2027.
- 5) US\$ 125 million (RO 47.51 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 125 million equivalent to RO 47.97 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 01 May 2029.
- 6) US\$ 100 million (RO 38.01 million) (31 December 2024 – US\$ 100 million equivalent to RO 38.38 million) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 19 August 2027.
- 7) IQD 40 billion (RO 11.52 million) (31 December 2024 – Nil) term loan from a commercial bank which is repayable by 8 April 2027. The facility is guaranteed by the immediate parent of Atheer and carry a fixed interest rate.

These facilities are guaranteed by the Company (except point no.7 as mentioned above) and carry a floating interest rate of a fixed margin over three-month SOFR.

10. Other non-current liabilities

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31 December
	September	2024
	2025	
	RO '000	RO '000
Due to Telecommunication Regulatory Authority-Oman	7,240	6,930
Due for acquisition of spectrum-KSA	168,786	178,993
Payable towards sale and lease back-financing	82,104	85,625
Customer deposits	4,519	3,235
Post-employment benefits	80,687	74,834
Others	25,169	27,159
	368,505	376,776

11. Share capital

	30 September 2025	31 December 2024
	No. of shares	No. of shares
<i>Authorised, Issued and fully paid up</i>	750,000,000	750,000,000
	RO'000	RO'000
<i>Authorised, Issued and fully paid up</i>	75,000	75,000

Shareholders of the Company who own not less than 10% of the Company's shares at the reporting date are as follows:

	30 September 2025		31 December 2024	
	Shares held	%	Shares held	%
United International Telecommunications Investment and Projects LLC	382,500,345	51	382,500,345	51

Legal reserve

In accordance with the Oman Commercial Companies Law of 2019, annual appropriations of 10% of the profit for the year are made to this reserve until the accumulated balance of the reserve is equal to one third of the value of the respective Omani entity's paid-up share capital. This reserve is not available for distribution. As the reserve equals one third of paid-up share capital, the Company has discontinued the transfer.

Voluntary reserve

In accordance with the Board of Directors' Resolution No.16T/5/2000, the Parent Company transfers 10% of its annual net profits to a distributable voluntary reserve until it becomes equal to one-half of the entity's paid up share capital. As the reserve equals at least half of paid up share capital, the Company has discontinued the transfer.

Capital contribution

The excess of the valuation of the fixed licence of the Parent company over the amounts paid to TRA in year 2004 is recognised as a non-distributable capital contribution within equity.

Capital reserve

This is a non-distributable reserve and represents the fair value in excess of the amount paid for the mobile license, which expired in February 2019.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve mainly represents foreign exchange translation losses arising from Zain Group, Zain Sudan and Zain South Sudan.

Dividend

The annual general meeting of shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2024 held on 27 March 2025 approved distribution of final dividends of 55 baiza per share for the year 2024 (31 December 2023 – 55 baiza).

12. Cost of operations

Cost of operations comprises access charges, trading cost, dealer commission and regulatory revenue sharing. Cost of operations does not include repairs and maintenance, license and spectrum cost, staff costs, depreciation and amortization and other directly attributable costs.

During the period the royalty rates on Mobile services for operations in Oman was reduced by Telecommunication Regulatory Authority, Oman from 12% to 10%. The decision is effective from 1 January 2025 and resulted in a reduction in the royalty amount of RO 3.1 million for the nine months ending 30 September 2025.

13. Investment income

	Three months ended 30 September (Unaudited)		Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000
Gain/(Loss) from investment securities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	2,915	5,644	30,126	8,906
Dividend income	143	7	821	731
	3,058	5,651	30,947	9,637

14. Finance cost

	Three months ended 30 September (Unaudited)		Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000
Interest in bank borrowings	38,851	33,405	112,648	103,692
Finance cost on lease liabilities	8,579	7,185	24,600	21,356
Interest relating to license and spectrum payable	3,444	2,990	10,186	8,920
Interest amount payable to Ministry of Finance (KSA)	135	3,777	2,122	12,614
Others	243	2,063	2,313	4,682
	51,252	49,420	151,869	151,264

15. Taxation

	Three months ended 30 September (Unaudited)		Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000
Taxation relating to parent company	724	2,803	2,659	5,858
Domestic minimum top-up tax (DMTT)	3,193	-	5,885	-
Income inclusive rule (IIR)	256	-	515	-
Taxation related to subsidiaries	11,006	6,561	28,238	15,864
	15,179	9,364	37,297	21,722

The Group is within the scope of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS) Pillar Two model rules,

which require multinational enterprise (MNE) groups with consolidated revenues exceeding EUR 750 million to be subject to a minimum effective tax rate of 15% in each jurisdiction in which they operate.

The Group operates in various jurisdictions, out of those, from the material jurisdictions, only Oman, Kuwait, Bahrain and UAE have so far enacted the Pillar II legislation, however other jurisdictions are still in process of reviewing the implementation of the Pillar II legislation.

On 31 December 2024, the State of Kuwait introducing a Domestic Minimum Top-Up Tax (DMTT) and Sultanate of Oman introduced Income inclusive Rule (IIR) effective from 1 January 2025. The Law requires constituent entities of multinational enterprise (MNE) groups with consolidated revenues exceeding EUR 750 million to pay a top-up tax to ensure a minimum effective tax rate of 15%.

The subsidiary company in Kuwait computed the taxable income and effective tax rate in accordance with the executive regulations issued through Ministerial Resolution No. 55 of 2025. Pending the issuance of Executive Regulations in Oman, the parent company estimated its IIR liability for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2025 based on OECD Pillar Two Module Rules and associated guidance. The DMTT in Kuwait replaces the application of the National Labor Support Tax (NLST) and Zakat regimes for in-scope entities.

16. Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are as follows:

	Three months ended 30 September		Nine months ended 30 September	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000	RO'000
	Unaudited			
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders	17,030	16,857	51,961	44,675
	No of Shares	No of Shares	No of Shares	No of Shares
Weighted average number of shares in issue outstanding during the period	750,000,000	750,000,000	750,000,000	750,000,000
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (RO)	0.023	0.022	0.069	0.060

17. Segmental information

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in a single business segment, telecommunications and related services. Apart from its operations in Oman, the Company operates through Zain Group in 8 countries. This forms the basis of the geographical segments.

Based on the quantitative thresholds, the Group has identified its operations in Oman, Kuwait, Jordan, Sudan, Iraq, Bahrain and KSA as the basis for disclosing the segmental information.

OMAN TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANY SAOG

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

	30 September 2025 (Un audited)									
	Oman	Kuwait	Jordan	Sudan	Iraq	Bahrain	KSA	Others	Eliminati on	Total
	RO'000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO'000	RO '000
Segment revenues – airtime, data, subscriptions and other services (Point over time)	443,865	239,100	156,196	143,545	347,512	49,161	720,252	150,799	-	2,250,430
Segment revenues - trading income (Point in time)	49,363	118,518	12,987	3,396	13,601	12,668	108,055	25	(78,166)	240,447
Net profit before interest and tax	38,504	51,912	35,928	75,971	70,871	4,591	91,253	(747)	-	368,283
Interest income	1,992	3,522	174	1,055	518	249	1,188	2,979	-	11,677
Share of results of associate and joint venture	4,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,950)	2,277
Investment income	1,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,320
Dividend income	41,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(41,260)	-
Finance costs	(33,708)	(1,076)	(10,304)	(834)	(20,710)	(1,181)	(53,092)	(968)	-	(121,873)
Income tax expenses	(3,379)	(1,373)	(4,850)	(10,028)	(8,464)	-	(812)	(2,128)	-	(31,034)
	50,216	52,985	20,948	66,164	42,215	3,659	38,537	(864)	(43,210)	230,650
Unallocated items:										
Investment income										29,627
Share of results of associates and joint venture										26,604
Others (including unallocated interest income, income tax and finance costs net of eliminations)										(43,454)
Profit for the period										243,427
Segment assets including allocated goodwill	1,852,916	1,115,400	644,304	110,338	1,028,049	124,851	3,176,758	403,588	(850,336)	7,605,868
ROU assets	101,870	35,321	12,613	2,538	41,285	20,517	147,969	5,684	-	367,797
Unallocated items:										
Investment securities at FVTPL										127,526
Investment securities at FVOCI										18,000
Investment in associates and joint venture										225,646
Others (net of eliminations)										169,488
Consolidated assets										8,514,325
Segment liabilities	468,894	463,920	174,761	54,669	295,134	26,411	773,378	400,137	-	2,657,304
Lease liabilities (current and non-current)	140,122	31,649	15,569	1,833	51,169	21,111	184,432	5,637	-	451,522
Due to banks	546,011	-	113,824	-	258,435	-	836,138	3,227	-	1,757,635
	1,155,027	495,569	304,154	56,502	604,738	47,522	1,793,948	409,001		4,866,461
Unallocated items:										
Due to banks										985,727
Others (net of eliminations)										(252,382)
Consolidated liabilities										5,599,806
Net consolidated assets										2,914,519
Capital expenditure incurred during the period	96,475	70,001	15,689	28,477	62,778	4,387	68,581	16,239		362,627
Unallocated (net of eliminations)										2,055
Total capital expenditure										364,682
Depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of intangible assets	80,862	63,941	28,371	2,679	56,383	9,547	140,607	5,741		388,131
Amortization of ROU assets	8,941	8,621	1,411	651	4,039	3,568	24,421	812		52,464
Unallocated (net of elimination)										(1,119)
Total depreciation and amortization										439,476

OMAN TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANY SAOG

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

	30 September 2024 (Un audited)									
	Oman	Kuwait	Jordan	Sudan	Iraq	Bahrain	KSA	Others	Elimination	Total
	RO'000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO'000	RO '000
Segment revenues – airtime, data, subscriptions and other services (Point over time)	409,620	230,988	148,798	66,563	305,669	47,018	699,485	66,812	-	1,974,953
Segment revenues - trading income (Point in time)	43,176	119,187	8,910	2,331	1,634	11,447	85,103	83	(6,960)	264,911
Net profit before interest and tax	45,216	55,841	36,742	37,209	61,022	4,161	85,850	(10,258)	-	315,783
Interest income	1,289	2,770	354	1,171	774	288	2,716	180	-	9,542
Share of results of associate and joint venture	3,940	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(787)	3,153
Gain on sale and leaseback transaction	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,160	-	-	2,160
Investment income	1,364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,364
Dividend income from Zain group	41,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(41,300)	-
Finance costs	(32,371)	(968)	(11,004)	(1,088)	(22,752)	(924)	(56,618)	(726)	-	(126,451)
Income tax expenses	(6,038)	-	(7,197)	(3,010)	(5,337)	-	-	(334)	-	(21,916)
	54,700	57,643	18,895	34,282	33,707	3,525	34,108	(11,138)	(42,087)	183,635
Unallocated items:										
Investment income										8,273
Share of results of associate and joint venture										1,411
Others (including unallocated income tax and finance costs net of eliminations)										(5,767)
Profit for the period										187,552
Segment assets including allocated goodwill	1,750,903	925,761	622,647	84,079	989,647	123,446	3,112,988	245,403	(850,337)	7,004,537
ROU assets	104,880	21,633	12,991	1,345	26,185	17,876	106,275	2,872	-	294,057
Unallocated items:										
Investment securities at FVTPL										51,841
Investment securities at FVOCI										19,972
Investment in associates and joint venture										213,499
Others (net of eliminations)										225,293
Consolidated assets										7,809,199
Segment liabilities	420,431	220,619	181,220	39,282	194,671	26,958	713,824	266,613	-	2,063,618
Lease liabilities (current and non-current)	145,907	27,139	15,845	1,454	36,433	18,178	142,353	2,630	-	389,939
Borrowings	514,400	-	99,879	-	251,647	-	793,862	2,051	-	1,661,839
	1,080,738	247,758	296,944	40,736	482,751	45,136	1,650,039	271,294	-	4,115,396
Unallocated items:										
Borrowings										807,602
Others (net of eliminations)										67,515
Consolidated liabilities										4,990,513
Net consolidated assets										2,818,686
Capital expenditure incurred during the period	78,305	27,354	4,834	26,576	14,539	1,795	41,990	12,197	-	207,590
Unallocated (net of eliminations)										986
Total capital expenditure										208,576
Depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of intangible assets	72,623	64,519	26,075	10,369	58,927	11,105	141,343	6,011	-	390,972
Amortization of ROU assets	8,858	7,012	1,319	689	3,150	3,411	21,039	493	-	45,971
Unallocated (net of elimination)										(789)
Total depreciation and amortization										436,154

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

18. Related party transactions

The Group has entered into transactions with related parties on terms approved by management. Transactions and balances with related parties (in addition to those disclosed in other notes) are as follows:

Transactions	Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000
Revenue	5,771	6,372
Purchase of goods and services	25	2,109
Lease payment	2,145	2,145
Dividend income from associate	3,419	3,034

Key management compensation

	Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	1,565	1,347
Post-employment benefits	51	39

	Nine months ended 30 September (Unaudited)	
	2025	2024
	RO'000	RO'000
Director's sitting fee	63	54

Balances

	Unaudited	Audited
	30 September 2025	31 December 2024
	RO'000	RO'000
Trade receivables	2,931	41,869
Trade payables	-	19,279

19. Commitments and contingencies

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

	Unaudited	Audited
	30	31 December
	September	2024
	2025	
	RO '000	RO '000
Capital commitments	660,765	512,203
Uncalled share capital of investee companies	760	819
Letters of guarantee and credit	83,728	84,413

Atheer - Iraq

- a. On 10 September 2023, the Communication and Media Commission of Iraq ("CMC") imposed a fine of US\$ 75 million (RO 28.769 million) on Atheer for failing to meet 4G QoS ('Quality of Service') KPIs for the year 2022. Atheer believes that there is an error in the fine calculation regarding coverage obligation. On 9 October 2023, Atheer challenged the decision before the Appeals Board. On 13 June 2024, the Appeals Board issued a decision in favor of CMC. On 7th July 2024, Atheer submitted a petition to the Board of Commissioners (the legislative body of the CMC), articulating that the petition stems from a fundamental error, requesting them to cancel the fine. On 19 August 2024, the CMC rejected the petition and issued a demand to pay the fine amount. On 27 August 2024, the Atheer's attorneys filed another appeal, urging the Appeals Board to correct its decision on the grounds that it is fundamentally flawed as explained above.

In August 2024, a new fine amounting to US\$ 1 million (RO 0.384 million) was imposed by CMC for failing to meet 4G QoS KPIs for the second half of year 2023. This amount is significantly lower as compared to the fine levied for year 2022 and first half of year 2023. Furthermore, a new QoS regulation is expected to be issued, which may support Atheer's case in challenging the fine.

During the period ended 30 September 2025, the Appeals Board issued final and binding decisions on US\$ 66.8 million (RO 25.39 million) out of the total US\$ 75 million (RO 28.51 million) fine, reducing that portion to US\$ 2.310 million (RO 0.877 million). These final outcomes reflect both the correction of material calculation errors and the application of the updated regulatory criteria. The decisions issued by the CMC Appeals Board are definitive, irrevocable, and carry full legal force. The remaining fine of US\$ 8.200 million (RO 3.117 million) is currently under review by the Appeal Court, following a similar process and based on the new QoS regulations. Atheer believes that this remaining fine amount will be reduced to approximately US\$ 1 million (RO 0.381 million).

- b. Newroz Telecom, based in the Kurdistan region, has initiated a preliminary lawsuit in the first instance court against Atheer and Huawei. The claim is predicated on allegations that the unlicensed installation of 4G equipment has caused harm to Newroz Telecom's infrastructure requesting US\$ 50 million (RO 19.2 million) from Atheer and Huawei jointly. Atheer operates under a national license issued by the CMC, the competent federal authority. The CMC is anticipated to issue a statement to the court affirming Atheer's lawful nationwide authorization to provide 4G services, as well as confirming that Huawei holds the necessary credentials as an authorized vendor for the equipment supplied. Atheer has submitted both formal and substantive defenses and is currently awaiting the plaintiff's responses. The court has notified the plaintiff to reply to Atheer's statements. Based on the attorney's report, the Group believes that it has strong legal grounds and compelling arguments to successfully challenge and revoke the opposing claim.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

Pella - Jordan

Pella is a defendant in multiple lawsuits amounting to RO 9.61 million (31 December 2024 – RO 9.48 million). Based on the report of its attorneys, the Group is of the view that the outcome of these proceedings will be favorable for Pella.

SMTC

- a. SMTC received withholding tax ("WHT") assessments from Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority ("ZATCA") for an additional amount of SAR 100 million (RO 10.24 million) for certain withholding tax items for the years from 2015 to 2021. SMTC has appealed these assessments against the relevant committees. SMTC believes that the outcome of those appeals will be in its favor with no material financial impact.
- b. SMTC was also subjected to WHT, for the years from 2012 to 2021, on International Interconnect traffic from ZATCA for payments made to International Operators and SMTC has received WHT assessment from ZATCA with respect to this. For the assessments received from ZATCA, SMTC has rejected these claims and appealed at various judiciary bodies against these assessments. In the process of appealing against these claims, SMTC had paid an amount of SAR 8.37 million (RO 0.857 million) and created a provision of SAR 148.18 million (RO 15.168 million).

However, during the year ended 31 December 2024, SMTC received communication from ZATCA that the dues for WHT on International traffic will be borne by the Government. Accordingly, SMTC has reversed a provision of SAR 148.18 million (RO 15.168 million) during the current year. The amount paid of SAR 8.37 million (RO 0.857 million) will be settled by SMTC with dues payable to ZATCA for other ongoing assessments. There is no change in the status during the period ending 30 September 2025.

In addition, legal proceedings have been initiated by and against the Group in some jurisdictions. On the basis of information currently available and the advice of the legal advisors, Group management is of the opinion that the outcome of these proceedings is unlikely to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or the consolidated performance of the Group.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

20. Financial instruments

20.1 Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as stated in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position are categorized as follows:

	Unaudited 30 September 2025 RO'000	Audited 31 December 2024 RO'000
Amortised costs:		
Cash and cash equivalents	359,550	299,364
Bank balances held in customers' account	53,135	19,846
Trade and other receivables	1,443,931	1,277,516
Contract assets	-	232,908
Other assets	15,514	14,416
Investment securities at FVTPL	127,526	94,855
Investment securities at FVOCI	18,000	17,130
Investment Securities	1,000	1,000

All financial liabilities are categorized as 'other than at fair value through profit or loss.

20.2 Fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table presents the financial assets which are measured at fair value in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

This hierarchy groups financial assets and liabilities into three levels based on the significance of inputs used in measuring the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

30 September 2025

	Level 1 RO'000	Level 2 RO'000	Level 3 RO'000	Total RO'000
Financial assets at fair value:				
Investments at FVTPL	7,167	26,812	93,547	127,526
Investments at FVOCI	4,574	3,601	9,825	18,000
Total assets	11,741	30,413	103,372	145,526

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

31 December 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000
Financial assets at fair value:				
Investments at FVTPL	5,977	28,507	60,371	94,855
Investments at FVOCI	3,955	3,602	9,573	17,130
Derivative asset held for hedging	-	2,918	-	2,918
Total assets	9,932	35,027	69,944	114,903

During the period, there were no transfers between any of the fair value hierarchy levels.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values. For financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or having a short-term maturity (less than 12-months), it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value.

Measurement at fair value

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous year.

21. Hyperinflation – Zain South Sudan**Net monetary gain**

The Republic of South Sudan economy had become hyperinflationary in 2016. Accordingly, the results, cash flows and financial position of the Group's subsidiary in South Sudan had been expressed in terms of the measuring unit current at the reporting date in accordance with IAS 29 Financial Reporting. The effect on the net monetary position is included in the interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss as 'net monetary gain'.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information - 30 September 2025 (Unaudited)

22. Derivative financial instruments

On 22 September 2020, SMTC entered into profit rate swaps, which matures in 2025. The maturity of the profit rate swap has been extended till the extended maturity of the refinanced loan. The average contracted fixed interest rate ranges from 2% to 3%. During the period, SMTC settled the loan resulting in the maturity of the profit rate swaps.

At 30 September 2025

	Notional amounts by term to maturity		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount
	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000
<i>Derivatives held for hedging:</i>			
<i>Cash flow hedges - Receive 3-month SIBOR,</i>			
<i>Pay fixed profit rate</i>			
Profit rate swaps (maturing after one year)	-	-	-

At 31 December 2024

	Notional amounts by term to maturity		
	Positive fair value	Negative fair value	Notional amount
	RO '000	RO '000	RO '000
<i>Derivatives held for hedging:</i>			
<i>Cash flow hedges – Receive 3-month SIBOR,</i>			
<i>Pay fixed profit rate</i>			
Profit rate swaps (maturing after one year)	2,918	-	157,747